## **SCIENCE QUIZ January, 2021**

**Kumud Bala** 

There are two statements given- one labeled Assertion (A) and the other labeled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R is correct explanation of the assertion.
- (b) Both A and R is true, but R is not the correct explanation of the assertion.
- (c) A is true, but R is false.
- (d) A is false, but R is true
- (e) both A and B are false
- 1. Assertion: Non metal react with dilute acids to produce a gas which burns with a Pop sound.

Reason: metal reacts with dilute acids to produce a gas which burns with a pop sound.

2. Assertion: When non metals react with oxygen, they form acidic oxide and neutral oxide.

**Reason:** When carbon reacts with oxygen it forms carbon dioxide which is acidic oxide and water is formed when hydrogen reacts with oxygen which is neutral.

**3. Assertion:** What happens when magnesium reacts with very dilute nitric acid?

Reason: Magnesium reacts with very dilute nitric acid to form magnesium nitrate and hydrogen gas.

**4. Assertion:** Bleaching powder has a strong smell of chlorine.

**Reason:** Bleaching powder is a white powder and an oxidizing agent.

**5. Assertion:** Isotopes have same atomic masses.

**Reason:** Isotopes have same atomic number and have similar chemical properties.

**6. Assertion:** Ethylene is an unsaturated hydrocarbon.

**Reason:** Ethylene contains carbon -carbon triple covalent bond.

7. Assertion: Colour of copper sulphate does not change when an iron nail is dipped in it.

**Reason:** Iron is more reactive than copper and it displaces it.

**8. Assertion:** The chemical reaction during which hydrogen is lost is called reduction reaction.

Reason: Reducing agent removes hydrogen.

9. Assertion: Nitrogen is flushed in potato chips packets to preserve acidity of potato chips.

Reason: Nitrogen prevents contact of chips to air and thus oxidation.

10. Assertion: Fat/oil containing food substances become rancid and their smell and taste changes.

**Reason:** We keep such food in airtight container.

11. Assertion: Why silver chloride turns grey in sunlight.

Reason: Copper reacts with zinc sulphate to form copper sulphate and Zinc is deposited.

**12. Assertion:** A complete chemical equation represents the reactants and products and their physical states symbolically.

**Reason:** In a combination reaction two or more substances combine to form a new single substance.

**13. Assertion:** Antacids are used to get rid of pain caused by indigestion.

**Reason:** Antacids neutralize the excess acid produced in the stomach.

**14. Assertion:** Tooth decay starts when the pH of the mouth is lower than 5.5.

Reason: Bee -sting leaves an acid which causes pain and irritation.

15. Assertion: The strength of acids and bases depends on the number of hydrogen ions and OH<sup>-</sup> produced.

**Reason:** The process of dissolving an acid or base in water is highly and endothermic.

**16. Assertion:** When pH of rainwater is more than 7. It is called acid rain.

**Reason**: When electricity is passed through an aqueous solution of sodium chloride it decomposes to form sodium carbonate.

**17. Assertion:** Silver articles become black when exposed to air.

Reason: Copper reacts with moist carbon dioxide in the air and gains a green coat.

**18. Assertion:** The electrical conductivity and melting point of an alloy is less than that of pure metals.

**Reason:** Galvanization is a method of protecting steel and iron from rusting.

**19. Assertion:** Metals at the top of reactivity series are not formed in nature as free element.

**Reason:** The sulphide ores are converted into oxides by heating in the absence of air in the process of roasting.

**20. Assertion:** Metals high up in the reactivity series cannot be obtained from their compounds by heating with carbon.

Reason: Carbon cannot reduce the oxides of sodium, magnesium and calcium.

20. (a) (a) .QI 18. (b) (d) .7.I 15. (c) 16. (e) 14. (b) 12. (b) (c) II. 13. (a) TO: (p) (b) .e S. (e) (b) .7 5. (d) 6. (c) 4. (b) 3. (a) 2. (a) (b) .1

Answers